

# The NACE Handbook

*What NACE is, who governs it, and how to read every European activity code - in plain language.*

**First edition - Based on NACE Rev. 2.1 (2025)**

Chapters in Hrvatski. Attribution, institutions, taxonomies and glossary appendices in English.



**Scan to read online**

[nacebridge.eu/handbook](https://nacebridge.eu/handbook)



## CONTENTS

- 01 Sto je NACE? (5 min)
- 02 Tko upravlja NACE-om? (4 min)
- 03 Zasto NACE postoji (5 min)
- 04 Struktura NACE-a (6 min)
- 05 Azuriranja i skok na Rev. 2.1 (5 min)
- 06 Nacionalne varijante (6 min)
- 07 Citanje i dodjeljivanje sifre (7 min)
- 08 Koristenje NACE-a modernim alatima (4 min)

- A Sources & Attribution
- B Institutions & data sources
- C National & EU classifications
- D Glossary of classifications and statistical institutes

Read online: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook>

Printable glossary: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary>



## CHAPTER 01 STO JE NACE?

Zajednicki rjecnik za opis poslovanja.

### Zajednicki rjecnik

NACE - nomenclature statistique des activites economiques dans la Communaute europeenne - zajednicka je statisticka klasifikacija ekonomskih djelatnosti Europske unije. Svakoj vrsti proizvodne aktivnosti unutar EU-a dodjeljuje se sifra kako bi se statisticki podaci prikupljeni u razlicitim zemljama, od strane razlicitih institucija, na razlicitim jezicima, mogli spojiti i usporediti bez dvosmislenosti.

Klasifikaciju odrzava Eurostat, statisticki ured Europske unije, u suradnji s nacionalnim statistickim institutima drzava clanica. Koriste je javne uprave, nacionalni statisticki uredi, gospodarske komore, porezne uprave, poslovni registri, privatni dobavljacki podataka i - sve vise - svaki softverski sustav koji treba razmisljati o tome sto neko poduzece zapravo radi.

Trenutno izdanje obuhvaceno ovim prirucnikom je NACE Rev. 2.1, usvojeno 2023. godine i primjenjivo na statisticke podatke od referentne godine 2025. nadalje.

Note: NACE je klasifikacija djelatnosti, a ne proizvoda, zanimanja ili pravnih oblika. Samozaposleni stolar i stolarija s vise od stotinu zaposlenika pripadaju istoj NACE klasi ako obavljaju isti posao.

### Djelatnost, a ne proizvod

Najvaznija razlika koju treba internalizirati je da NACE klasificira djelatnosti - sto organizacija radi - a ne proizvode, robe, zanimanja ili pravne oblike. Proizvodi imaju vlastitu klasifikaciju (CPA u EU, HS/CN za trgovinu). Zanimanja se nalaze u ISCO-u. Pravni oblici su nacionalni. NACE se usredotocuje na proces: pecenje kruha, izrada softvera, prijevoz ljudi zrakom.

To znaci da mali samozaposleni stolar i stolarija sa stotinu zaposlenika pripadaju istoj NACE klasi ako obavljaju istu djelatnost. Tako er znaci da su tvrtka koja proizvodi bicikle za prodaju i tvrtka koja iznajmljuje bicikle po satu u razlicitim klasama, iako je bicikl sredisnji za obje.

### Gdje cete se susresti s NACE-om

Svako poduzece registrirano u poslovnom registru EU-a nosi barem jedan NACE-izvedeni kod. Porezne uprave koriste nacionalne NACE-kodove za usmjeravanje kategorija PDV-a i pravila specificnih za industriju. Banke ih koriste za procjenu rizika od pranja



novca. Statisticka istrazivanja ih koriste za definiranje svoje ciljne populacije. Financijeri istrazivanja ih koriste za opis prihvatljivih sektora. Portali za posao, oglasne mreze, kreditni uredi i dobavljac B2B podataka oslanjaju se, izravno ili neizravno, na NACE.

Ukratko: ako sustav bilo gdje u Europi treba znati cime se tvrtka bavi, govorit ce neki dijalekt NACE-a.

Source: Foreword; 1 Introduction, pp. 11-18 - Eurostat, NACE Rev. 2.1 (2025), KS-GQ-24-007-EN-N.  
Read this chapter online: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook#chapter-1>



## CHAPTER 02

## TKO UPRAVLJA NACE-OM?

Eurostat, uredba Vijeća i 27 nacionalnih statističkih instituta.

## Pravna osnova

NACE je uspostavljen Uredbom (EZ) br. 1893/2006 Europskog parlamenta i Vijeća, kojom je postao obvezujući za sve države članice za proizvodnju europskih statistika. Ta je uredba izmijenjena 2023. godine kako bi se uvela NACE Rev. 2.1, trenutna verzija.

Budući da je NACE uspostavljen uredbom, a ne direktivom, primjenjuje se izravno i jednako u svakoj državi članici: nacionalni parlamenti ga ne prenose, već ga provode.

## Eurostat i nacionalni statistički instituti

Svakodnevno starateljstvo nadležnost je Eurostata, statističkog ureda Europske unije sa sjedištem u Luxembourg. Eurostat objavljuje službeni priručnik, održava tablice podudarnosti sa starijim revizijama i na njih, te s ne-EU klasifikacijama, te koordinira revizije s nacionalnim statističkim institutima (NSI) 27 država članica.

Svaki NSI - INE u Portugalu, INSEE u Francuskoj, DESTATIS u Njemačkoj, CBS u Nizozemskoj, ISTAT u Italiji, i tako dalje - prevodi klasifikaciju na vlastiti jezik i, u većini slučajeva, proširuje je petom znamenkom kako bi stvorio nacionalnu klasifikaciju djelatnosti prilagođenu lokalnim izvještajnim potrebama. CAE u Portugalu, NAF u Francuskoj, WZ u Njemačkoj, SBI u Nizozemskoj i ATECO u Italiji svi su izravna nacionalna proširenja NACE-a.

Note: NACE je okosnica EU-a. NAF, WZ, CAE, SBI, ATECO, SKD i njihovi srodni oblici nacionalni su dijalekti koji ga dijele - prve četiri znamenke bilo koje od njih su, po konstrukciji, klasa NACE-a.

## Meunarodno usklađivanje

NACE se ne razvija izolirano. Potpuno je usklađeno s Meunarodnom standardnom industrijskom klasifikacijom svih gospodarskih djelatnosti Ujedinjenih naroda (ISIC), a njegova detaljna struktura osmišljena je tako da se svaka NACE klasa čisto uklapa u ISIC klasu. Ovo usklađivanje omogućuje agregiranje statistika EU-a s ostatkom svjetskih službenih statistika bez gubitaka pri prevođenju.

Source: 1.2 Legal basis; 1.3 International context, pp. 13-17 - Eurostat, NACE Rev. 2.1 (2025), KS-GQ-24-007-

Read this chapter online: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook#chapter-2>



## CHAPTER 03 ZASTO NACE POSTOJI

Usporedivost, poslovni registri, porezna uprava, istrazivanje.

### Problem usporedivosti

Svaka zemlja proizvodi ekonomske statistike za vlastite potrebe: rasclambu BDP-a, broj zaposlenih, indekse industrijske proizvodnje, ankete o poslovnoj demografiji. Bez zajednicke klasifikacije, brojevi se ne mogu zbrajati, oduzimati niti usporeivati: francuske "activites informatiques" i njemacke "Informationstechnologie" pokrivaju preklapajuce, ali razlicite opsege, a svaki prekogranicni zbroj tiho dvostruko broji ili izostavlja cijele podsektore.

NACE je glavni odgovor na taj problem unutar Europske unije. Kad francuska statistika i njemacka statistika navode istu klasu NACE, one - po definiciji - govore o istoj aktivnosti.

### Poslovni registri i administrativna upotreba

Osim ciste statistike, sifre izvedene iz NACE-a sada su ugra ene u administrativno tkivo Unije. Svaki poslovni registar u EU-u pohranjuje sifru glavne djelatnosti izvedenu iz NACE-a za svaku registriranu pravnu jedinicu. Drzavne uprave za PDV koriste ih za usmjeravanje pravila specificnih za sektor. Sustavi socijalnog osiguranja koriste ih za izracun stopa doprinosa specificnih za industriju. Gospodarske komore koriste ih za organizaciju clanstva. Europska investicijska banka koristi ih za procjenu prihvatljivih ulaganja.

### Upotreba u privatnom sektoru

Agencije za kreditni rejting, banke i osiguravatelji koriste NACE sifre za ocjenu rizika po sektorima. Marketinske platforme, oglasne mreze i B2B dobavljac podataka koriste ih za ciljanje publike. Sustavi nabave koriste ih za strukturiranje kataloga dobavljacka. Sustavi umjetne inteligencije sve ih vise koriste kao kanonsku znacajku niske snage za opis poduzeca.

Vrijednost koju NACE pruza u svim tim postavkama ista je: mali, stabilan, iscrpan i me usobno iskljuciv skup kategorija o kojima se svi slazu.

Note: Malo, stabilno, iscrpno, me usobno iskljucivo. Ta cetiri svojstva cine dobru klasifikaciju - i to je ono sto NACE nastoji zastititi kroz revizije.

Source: 1.1 Purpose; 1.4 Uses of NACE, pp. 11-13, 17-18 - Eurostat, NACE Rev. 2.1 (2025), KS-GQ-24-007-E



Read this chapter online: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook#chapter-3>



## CHAPTER 04 STRUKTURA NACE-A

Odjeljak Odjeljak Skupina Razred i peta nacionalna znamenka.

### Cetiri hijerarhijske razine

NACE je stroga hijerarhija s četiri razine. Svaka je aktivnost smjestena u točno jednom razredu na najnižoj razini, a svaki se razred odnosi na točno jednu skupinu, jedan odjeljak i jedan odjeljak - bez preklapanja, bez dvostrukog nadre enog položaja.

Cetiri su razine:

- Odjeljak - 21. široko područje identificirano jednim slovom, od A do U (na primjer, A poljoprivreda; C prera ivacka industrija; J informacija i komunikacija).
- Odjeljak - 88. srednje razine grupiranja identificiranih dvoznamenkastim kodom (na primjer, 62. racunalno programiranje, savjetovanje i povezane djelatnosti).
- Skupina - 272. finije grupiranje identificirano troznamenkastim kodom (na primjer, 62.0 racunalno programiranje, savjetovanje i povezane djelatnosti).
- Razred - 658. kategorije najnije razine identificirane četveroznamenkastim kodom (na primjer, 62.01 djelatnosti racunalnog programiranja).

### Anatomija sifre

NACE sifra razreda uvijek izgleda kao DD.CC - dvije znamenke, točka, jos dvije znamenke. Dvije znamenke prije točke identificiraju odjeljak; prva znamenka iza točke identificira skupinu unutar tog odjeljka; a posljednja znamenka identificira razred unutar te skupine.

Dakle, 62.01 se dekomponira kao: odjeljak 62 (racunalno programiranje, savjetovanje i povezane djelatnosti), skupina 62.0 (isti naslov - jedina skupina u odjeljku), razred 62.01 (djelatnosti racunalnog programiranja). Odjeljak J nije dio samog koda, ali je impliciran brojem odjeljka: odjeljci 58 - 63 nalaze se pod odjeljkom J.

Note: Sifra 62.01 uvijek oznacava istu aktivnost: racunalno programiranje. Od tog razreda se nacionalni sustavi granaju - PT 62010, FR 62.01Z, DE 62.01.0, NL 62.01 - ali se svi vraćaju na 62.01.

### Peta nacionalna znamenka

Uredba se zaustavlja na četiri znamenke. Nacionalni statistički zavodi tada su



slobodni - i, u praksi, univerzalno biraju - prosiriti posljednji razred petom znamenkom koja obuhvata nacionalno zanimljive podaktivnosti. Tu se nalaze nacionalni dijalekti: francuski NAF dodaje završno slovo (6201Z), njemacki WZ dodaje numericku petu znamenku (62.01.0), portugalski CAE sazima se u peteroznamenasti numericki kod (62010), nizozemski SBI koristi decimalnu petu znamenku (62.01).

Kriticni invarijant, zajamcen Uredbom, jest da su prve cetiri znamenke bilo kojeg nacionalnog koda, po konstrukciji, NACE razred. To omogucuje prekogranicno prevo enje: uklonite petu znamenku i vratili ste se na okosnicu EU-a.

#### Objasnjenja

Svaki razred dolazi sa sluzbenom objasnjenjem koje opisuje sto razred ukljucuje i - kriticno - sto iskljucuje. Klauzule o iskljucivanju cesto ukazuju na razred u kojem iskljucena aktivnost zapravo pripada. Ove se biljeske koriste kao arbitar kada se cini da bi dva razreda mogla odgovarati: one su, zapravo, sudska praksa NACE-a.

Source: 2 Structure, pp. 19-34 - Eurostat, NACE Rev. 2.1 (2025), KS-GQ-24-007-EN-N.  
Read this chapter online: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook#chapter-4>



## CHAPTER 05

### AZURIRANJA I SKOK NA REV. 2.1

Kako se NACE mijenjao tijekom vremena i sto se premjestilo izme u Rev. 2 i Rev. 2.1.

#### Zasto dolazi do azuriranja

Gospodarstva se razvijaju. Pojavljuju se nove industrije, druge se spajaju ili nestaju, a nekoc marginalni podsektori postaju dovoljno veliki da zavrje uju vlastitu klasu. Statisticka klasifikacija koja se ne razvija s gospodarstvom, tiho gubi na tocnosti: potpuno nove aktivnosti svrstavaju se u genericke "ostale" klase, a vremenske serije prestaju znaciti ono sto su znacile.

Kako bi NACE ostao koristan bez destabilizacije svih kasnijih korisnika, azuriranja su namjerna, rijetka i koordinirana s odgovarajucim UN-ovim azuriranjem ISIC-a. Rev. 1 stigao je 1993., Rev. 1.1 2002., Rev. 2 2006. (primjenjuje se od 2008.), a Rev. 2.1 usvojen je 2023. i primjenjuje se na referentnu godinu 2025. nadalje.

#### Azuriranje NACE 2025: sto se mijenja u Rev. 2.1

Od referentne 2025. godine europska statistika prelazi s NACE Rev. 2 (na snazi od 2008.) na NACE Rev. 2.1. Cetveroznamenkasta oznaka razreda zadrzava uobicajen oblik - vecina razreda zadrzava isti broj -, no neke se djelatnosti preimenuju, dijele, spajaju ili stvaraju iznova.

Najvidljivije promjene NACE 2025 odnose se na digitalne platforme, podatkovne centre i usluge u oblaku, proizvodnju obnovljive energije, popravke i ponovnu uporabu, gospodarenje otpadom te zdravstvenu i socijalnu skrb. Nacionalni statisticki uredi istog dana ponovno izdaju svoje 5-znamenkaste lokalne podrazrede (NAF, WZ, CAE, ATECO, CNAE, SBI, PKD, ...) - lokalna oznaka poduzeca moze se dakle promijeniti cak i ako djelatnost ostane ista.

NACEBridge paralelno nudi obje revizije, a svaka prekogranicna konverzija prolazi kroz sluzbenu Eurostatovu tablicu korespondencije izme u Rev. 2 i Rev. 2.1.

Note: Referentna 2025. prva je godina u kojoj je Rev. 2.1 obvezna. Povijesni podaci ostaju u Rev. 2 - nemojte ih prenumerirati i uvijek pohranjujte reviziju uz oznaku.

#### Sto se promijenilo u Rev. 2.1

Rev. 2.1 je manja revizija - struktura je prezivjela i velika vecina klasa ostala je nepromijenjena. Glavne dopune i dorade odnose se na aktivnosti koje su bile nedovoljno zastupljene ili pogresno klasificirane prema Rev. 2:



- usluge posredovane platformama (internetske trznice, privremeni poslovi, operateri ekonomije dijeljenja),
- podatkovni centri, infrastruktura u oblaku i specijalizirane digitalne usluge,
- popravak i ponovna upotreba robe, u skladu s politikom kruznog gospodarstva,
- proizvodnja obnovljive energije i uravnotezenje mreze, izdvojeno iz genericke proizvodnje elektricne energije,
- aktivnosti obrade otpada i recikliranja, restrukturirane radi vece detaljnosti,
- aktivnosti zdravstvene i socijalne skrbi, poboljsane kako bi odrazavale potrebe izvjestavanja nakon pandemije.

Note: Sifra Rev. 2 nije uvijek sifra Rev. 2.1. Eurostat objavljuje sluzbenu tablicu podudarnosti koja preslikava svaku klasu Rev. 2 u jednu ili vise klasa Rev. 2.1; neka preslikavanja se dijele, neka spajaju.

#### Premoscivanje povijesnih podataka

Za svakoga tko odrzava vremensku seriju koja obuhvaca promjenu, prakticno pravilo je: nikada nemojte mijenjati brojeve povijesnih tocaka i uvijek pohranite reviziju uz sifru. NACEBridge to točno radi - svaka klasa u nasim podacima nosi svoju godinu revizije, a upiti za me urevizije prolaze kroz sluzbenu tablicu podudarnosti koju odrzava Eurostat.

Source: 1.5 Revision policy; Annex - Rev. 2 Rev. 2.1 correspondence, pp. 15, 380+ - Eurostat, NACE Rev. 2.1  
Read this chapter online: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook#chapter-5>



## CHAPTER 06

## NACIONALNE VARIJANTE

NAF, WZ, CAE, SBI, ATECO, SKD - i kako se sve povezuju s NACE-om.

## Ugovor o kompatibilnosti

Svaka nacionalna klasifikacija djelatnosti u EU-u vezana je istim ugovorom s NACE-om: prve četiri znamenke jesu i moraju ostati NACE razred. Nacionalni statistički uredi mogu proširiti razred četvrte razine petom znamenkom (ili slovom), preimenovati razrede na lokalni jezik i dodati objašnjenja prilagođena lokalnom gospodarstvu - ali ne smiju stvoriti novi četvero-znamenkasti kod koji ne postoji u NACE-u, niti smiju ponovno koristiti postojeći NACE kod za drugu djelatnost.

To omogućuje prekogranično prevođenje bez tablice prijevoda za svaki par zemalja: zajednička četvero-znamenkasta okosnica je sidro.

## Terenski vodič za najveće sustave

- Francuska - NAF (Nomenclature d'activites francaise). Dodaje završno slovo četvero-znamenkastom NACE razredu (6201Z, 4711D). Održava INSEE.
- Njemačka - WZ (Klassifikation der Wirtschaftszweige). Dodaje brojcanu petu znamenku odvojenu točkom (62.01.0, 47.11.1). Održava DESTATIS.
- Portugal - CAE (Classificacao Portuguesa das Actividades Economicas), trenutacno CAE-Rev. 4. Stisne se u peteroznamenkasti brojcani kod (62010, 47111). Održava INE.
- Nizozemska - SBI (Standaard Bedrijfsindeling). Dodaje decimalnu petu znamenku (62.01, 47.11.1). Održava CBS.
- Italija - ATECO. Dodaje brojcanu petu znamenku (62.01.00 do 62.01.99). Održava ISTAT.
- Španjolska - CNAE (Clasificacion Nacional de Actividades Economicas). Četvero-znamenkasto brojcano proširenje (6201). Održava INE.
- Slovenija - SKD (Standardna klasifikacija dejavnosti). Dodaje brojcanu petu znamenku. Održava SURS.

Mnogo ih je više - svaka država članica EU-a, plus nekoliko zemalja EEA i zemalja kandidatkinja, održava vlastitu varijantu.



### Zajednicko citanje

U praksi, tvrtka koja posluje prekogranično - ili pružatelj podataka koji objedinjuje podatke iz nekoliko zemalja - mora tecno prelaziti izme u ovih sustava. Pravilo je jednostavno: za prevo enje bilo kojeg nacionalnog koda u bilo koji drugi nacionalni kod, prvo se vratite na zajednicko cetveroznamenkasto NACE sidro, a zatim se prosirite na podrazrede pete znamenke ciljne zemlje.

Upravo to cini NACEBridge ispod haube, a to je ono sto rute /convert i /cousins izlazu kao jedan API poziv.

Note: Prvo sidro, zatim sirenje. Svaki prekogranični prijevod koda djelatnosti svodi se na NACE 4-znamenkasto pretraživanje plus prosirenje podrazreda ciljne zemlje.

Source: 1.3 International context; national implementation notes, pp. 15-18 - Eurostat, NACE Rev. 2.1 (2025), K  
Read this chapter online: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook#chapter-6>



## CHAPTER 07 CITANJE I DODJELJIVANJE SIFRE

Pravilo glavne djelatnosti, top-down odlucivanje, uobicajene zamke.

### Glavna djelatnost

Poslovna jedinica moze obavljati vise djelatnosti istovremeno: pekara moze voditi i mali kafic; stolarska radionica moze ugrahivati ono sto proizvodi; softverska kuca moze hostirati ono sto razvija. NACE dodjeljuje jednu klasu po jedinici, na temelju glavne djelatnosti jedinice - djelatnosti koja najvise doprinosi dodanoj vrijednosti jedinice.

Dodana vrijednost, ne promet. Promet je prikladna zamjena kada podaci o dodanoj vrijednosti nisu dostupni, ali princip je dodana vrijednost: koliko vlastitog rada i kapitala jedinice je proizvelo promatrani ucinak.

### Top-down metoda

Kada je nekoliko kandidatskih klasa uvjerljivo, NACE propisuje top-down postupak odlucivanja: prvo odaberite pobjednicki odjeljak (usporeujuci dodanu vrijednost me u odjeljcima), zatim pobjednicki odjeljak unutar tog odjeljka, zatim pobjednicku skupinu, a zatim pobjednicku klasu. To sprjecava da mala nisna djelatnost povuce cijelu jedinicu u nepredstavnicku klasu samo zato sto je ta klasa vrlo specificna.

Note: Top-down znaci: prvo izaberite pobjednickog roditelja, a zatim se spustite. Nikada ne birajte vrlo specificnu klasu samo zato sto savrseno odgovara - prvo provjerite da li njezin roditeljski odjeljak zapravo pobje uje.

### Objasnjeni primjer: kafic za przenje kave

Jedna pravna jedinica przi kavu, prodaje cijela zrna na veliko restoranima i vodi kafic u prizemlju. Tri djelatnosti: proizvodnja proizvoda od kave (razred 10.83), veleprodaja pica (46.34) i djelatnosti pripreme i posluživanja hrane i pica (56).

Primjena top-down metode: prvo usporedite dodanu vrijednost na razini odjeljka - odjeljak C (Preraivacka industrija), odjeljak G (Trgovina na veliko i malo), odjeljak I (Djelatnosti pružanja smjestaja te pripreme i usluživanja hrane). Pretpostavimo da kafic proizvodi vise dodane vrijednosti nego przenje i veleprodaja zajedno. Odjeljak I pobje uje. Spustite se: odjeljak 56 pobje uje po konstrukciji. Skupina 56.1 (Restorani i djelatnosti pokretne ugostiteljske opreme). Klasa 56.10.

Cijela jedinica klasificirana je kao 56.10, iako je djelatnost przenja stvarno prisutna i mogla bi imati svoju liniju prometa u racunovodstvu.



### Uobicajene zamke

- Brkanje proizvoda s djelatnoscu. Tvrtka koja prodaje softver nije automatski softverska tvrtka: ako samo preprodaje, pripada kategoriji veleprodaje/maloprodaje; ako razvija, pripada kategoriji 62.01.
- Koristenje zadnje nacionalne znamenke za odlucivanje. Zemlje ponekad nude vrlo specificnu petu znamenku potklase koja se cini da savrseno opisuje posao. To je u redu - ali tek nakon sto se cetveroznamenkasta klasa rijesi top-down metodom.
- Registracija pravne jedinice umjesto lokalne jedinice. NACE kodovi primjenjuju se na statisticke jedinice. Maticno poduzece sa podruznicama u razlicitim sektorima dobiva kod koji odrazava djelatnost maticnog poduzeca, a ne agregat njegovih podruznica.

Source: 3 Rules of classification, pp. 35-55 - Eurostat, NACE Rev. 2.1 (2025), KS-GQ-24-007-EN-N.  
Read this chapter online: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook#chapter-7>



## CHAPTER 08 KORISTENJE NACE-A MODERNIM ALATIMA

Kratak obilazak online alata, AI asistenata i preuzimanja - s uputama za razvojne programere.

### Online alati

Web-stranica NACEBridge nudi sacicu malih alata koji pokrivaju gotovo svako svakodnevno pitanje poduzetnika, analiticara, novinara ili sluzbenika. Pretraga nalazi razrede po kljucnoj rijeci; Dekodiranje objasnjava sifru koju vec imate; Ro aci prikazuju susjedne razrede za granicne slucajeve; Pretvaranje prevodi nacionalnu sifru u ekvivalent u drugoj zemlji EU-a; a Mreza prikazuje cijelu hijerarhiju na jedan pogled. Sve je besplatno i bez racuna.

### AI asistenti

Ako koristite moderan AI asistent - ChatGPT, Claude, Cursor i slicno - moze odgovarati na pitanja o NACE-u izravno, koristeći ovu stranicu kao izvor. Mozete pitati obicnim jezikom, primjerice "koji NACE razred pokriva mobilna kavana na kotacima u Portugalu?" i dobiti odgovor koji citira ispravnu sifru. Za vecinu citatelja to je najlaksi nacin rada s NACE-om: bez obrazaca, bez preuzimanja, samo razgovor.

### Preuzimanja

Za citanje izvan mreze, studij ili arhiviranje, ovaj prirucnik dostupan je kao PDF i EPUB s naslovne stranice prirucnika. Sluzbeni prirucnik Eurostata - primarni izvor svakog poglavlja - tako er je zrcaljen ondje, na jedan klik.

Note: Sve na NACEBridge-u je besplatno za citanje, povezivanje i ugra ivanje. Placene razine samo podizu ogranicenja za automatizirani pristup; sama klasifikacija europska je javna infrastruktura.

### Za programere

Ako gradite softver koji mora programski dohvacati NACE sifre, NACEBridge nudi REST API i MCP poslužitelj za AI alate. Detalji - krajnje tocke, autentifikacija, ogranicenja, SDK-ovi i primjeri - nalaze se u programerskoj dokumentaciji na /docs. Ovaj prirucnik namjerno ostaje na razini pojmova.

Source: Cross-reference: NACEBridge API docs - Eurostat, NACE Rev. 2.1 (2025), KS-GQ-24-007-EN-N.  
Read this chapter online: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook#chapter-8>



## APPENDIX A SOURCES & ATTRIBUTION

Where every claim in this handbook comes from, how it was derived, and how you may reuse it.

### A.1 Primary source

This handbook is a plain-language companion to the official Eurostat NACE manual. Every substantive statement - the four-level structure, the anchoring rules, the revision history, the classification principles - is derived from a single primary source published by the European Commission's statistical office.

NACE Rev. 2.1 - Statistical classification of economic activities in the European Community: Eurostat, Manuals and guidelines series, 2025 edition. Publication code KS-GQ-24-007-EN-N. ISBN 978-92-68-19443-4. doi:10.2785/4407311. - <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/products-manuals-and-guidelines/-/ks-gq-24-007>

Ramon - Eurostat's classifications server: Machine-readable NACE code lists, explanatory notes, and correspondence tables between NACE Rev. 2, Rev. 2.1, ISIC Rev. 4, and ISIC Rev. 5. -

[https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/ramon/nomenclatures/index.cfm?TargetUrl=LST\\_NOM\\_DTL&StrNom=NACE\\_REV](https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/ramon/nomenclatures/index.cfm?TargetUrl=LST_NOM_DTL&StrNom=NACE_REV)

### A.2 Legal basis

NACE is not a suggestion. It is EU statistical law, and any handbook that speaks to "who governs it" must cite the acts that establish it. Two instruments matter:

Regulation (EC) No 1893/2006: The European Parliament and Council regulation that established NACE Rev. 2 as the mandatory classification for European business statistics. - <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/eli/reg/2006/1893/oj>

Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2023/137: Amends Regulation (EC) No 1893/2006 to introduce NACE Rev. 2.1 with effect from reference year 2025. - [https://eur-lex.europa.eu/eli/reg\\_del/2023/137/oj](https://eur-lex.europa.eu/eli/reg_del/2023/137/oj)

### A.3 International alignment

NACE is the European view of a global taxonomy. Its top two levels are aligned by treaty with the United Nations Statistics Division's ISIC. Cross-border comparisons and correspondence tables both defer to these UN publications.

ISIC Rev. 4: International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities, Rev. 4. United Nations, 2008. Series M, No. 4/Rev. 4. - <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/classifications/Econ/isic>



ISIC Rev. 5: Draft international standard aligned with NACE Rev. 2.1. Adopted by the UN Statistical Commission in 2023. - <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/classifications/Econ>

#### A.4 National variants

Where this handbook names national classifications - CAE (Portugal), NAF (France), WZ (Germany), SBI (Netherlands), and their equivalents across the EU27 - the underlying code lists come from each Member State's national statistical institute. NACEBridge mirrors those lists and keeps them aligned with the Eurostat backbone.

Portugal - CAE Rev. 4: Instituto Nacional de Estatistica (INE).

France - NAF Rev. 2 / 2025: Institut national de la statistique et des etudes economiques (INSEE).

Germany - WZ 2025: Statistisches Bundesamt (Destatis).

Netherlands - SBI 2025: Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek (CBS).

All other EU Member States: Respective national statistical institutes, mirrored via NACEBridge Market Intelligence.

#### A.5 Reuse and license

The primary source is reused under the European Commission's reuse policy. Commission Decision 2011/833/EU allows reuse of documents produced by the Commission and Eurostat for both commercial and non-commercial purposes, provided the source is acknowledged and the meaning is not distorted.

This handbook - the plain-language text, the illustrations, the code samples, and the software that renders it - is TEKSOMA Technologies. It is distributed free of charge under the Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International licence (CC BY 4.0). You may copy, redistribute, translate, or adapt it, provided you credit NACEBridge and preserve the citation to Eurostat.

Commission Decision 2011/833/EU: Reuse of Commission documents. Recital and articles govern the reuse of the Eurostat manual quoted throughout this handbook. - <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/eli/dec/2011/833/oj>

CC BY 4.0: Creative Commons Attribution 4.0 International - applies to the derivative text, layout, and code of this handbook. -



<https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/4.0/>

#### A.6 Editorial method

The eight chapters were written by re-reading the corresponding sections of KS-GQ-24-007-EN-N and producing a shorter, plainer restatement in the same order the manual presents them. No claim in the body of any chapter is invented; every claim is traceable to the page range printed at the foot of that chapter ("Source: ... pp. ...").

Where the primary source is ambiguous or silent - for example, on how to use NACE programmatically, or on the practical mechanics of cross-border code conversion - the handbook says so explicitly, and cites NACEBridge's own API documentation instead of the manual.

Translations into the 22 other official EU languages were produced by machine translation (Google Gemini via the Lovable AI Gateway) and marked with a translationStatus banner. English is the source of truth; where a translation and the English disagree, the English wins.

#### A.7 How to cite this handbook

If you quote or paraphrase this handbook in a research paper, policy note, or software documentation, please cite it as:

Suggested citation: TEKSOMA Technologies (2026). The NACE Handbook - a plain-language companion to NACE Rev. 2.1. NACEBridge, first edition. <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook>

Underlying source (always cite alongside): Eurostat (2025). NACE Rev. 2.1 - Statistical classification of economic activities in the European Community. Luxembourg: Publications Office of the European Union. KS-GQ-24-007-EN-N.

#### A.8 Corrections and contact

If you spot a paraphrase that materially differs from the primary source, an outdated legal reference, or a broken citation link, please tell us. Corrections are applied to the master English source, then re-translated into the other locales in the same release.

Corrections: [handbook@nacebridge.eu](mailto:handbook@nacebridge.eu)

Reuse questions: See the CC BY 4.0 licence link above.

Live version: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook#attribution>



## APPENDIX B INSTITUTIONS & DATA SOURCES

European and national statistical authorities referenced across the handbook.

### B.1 European & international bodies

Commission - European Commission

European Commission - proposes EU legislation and, together with Eurostat, adopts the implementing acts that update NACE.

Official source: <https://commission.europa.eu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/commission>

Council - Council of the European Union

Council of the European Union - represents member state governments and co-legislates EU statistical regulations.

Official source: <https://www.consilium.europa.eu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/council>

EEA - European Economic Area

European Economic Area - extends the EU single market to Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway, which also apply NACE.

Official source: <https://www.efta.int/eea>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/eea>

EFTA - European Free Trade Association

European Free Trade Association - Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland; EFTA statistical offices align with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.efta.int/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/efta>

EU - European Union

European Union - the political and economic union whose member states use NACE as a shared statistical language.

Official source: <https://european-union.europa.eu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/eu>

European Parliament - European Parliament

The EU's directly elected legislative body; co-legislates the regulations that make NACE binding.

Official source: <https://www.europarl.europa.eu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/european-parliament>



**Eurostat - Eurostat - Statistical Office of the European Union**

The statistical office of the European Union. Eurostat produces, maintains and publishes NACE - the classification every EU member state uses to describe economic activity.

Official source: <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/eurostat>

**OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development**

Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development - uses ISIC-aligned classifications for cross-country economic statistics.

Official source: <https://www.oecd.org/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/oecd>

**UN - United Nations Statistics Division**

United Nations Statistics Division - custodian of ISIC, the global reference classification NACE is derived from.

Official source: <https://unstats.un.org/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/un>

**B.2 National statistical institutes****CBS - Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek (NL)**

Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek - the Netherlands' national statistical institute; publishes SBI.

Official source: <https://www.cbs.nl/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/cbs>

**CSB - Centrala statistikas parvalde (LV)**

Centrala statistikas parvalde - Latvia's Central Statistical Bureau; publishes NACE 2.

Official source: <https://stat.gov.lv/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/csb>

**CSO - Central Statistics Office (Ireland) (IE)**

Central Statistics Office - Ireland's national statistical office.

Official source: <https://www.cso.ie/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/cso>

**CyStat - Cyprus Statistical Service (CY)**

Cyprus Statistical Service - Cyprus' national statistical office.

Official source: <https://www.cystat.gov.cy/>



On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/cystat>

#### CZSO - Cesky statisticky urad (CZ)

Cesky statisticky urad - Czechia's national statistical office; publishes CZ-NACE.

Official source: <https://www.czso.cz/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/czso>

#### Destatis - Statistisches Bundesamt (DE)

Statistisches Bundesamt - Germany's federal statistical office; publishes WZ.

Official source: <https://www.destatis.de/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/destatis>

#### DST - Danmarks Statistik (DK)

Danmarks Statistik - Denmark's national statistical institute; publishes DB (Dansk Branchekode).

Official source: <https://www.dst.dk/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/dst>

#### DZS - Drzavni zavod za statistiku (HR)

Drzavni zavod za statistiku - Croatia's national statistical bureau; publishes NKD.

Official source: <https://dzs.gov.hr/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/dzs>

#### ELSTAT - Hellenic Statistical Authority (GR)

Hellenic Statistical Authority - Greece's national statistical institute; publishes STAKOD.

Official source: <https://www.statistics.gr/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/elstat>

#### GUS - G owny Urzad Statystyczny (PL)

G owny Urzad Statystyczny - Poland's central statistical office; publishes PKD.

Official source: <https://stat.gov.pl/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/gus>

#### INE - Instituto Nacional de Estatistica (Portugal) (PT)

Instituto Nacional de Estatistica - Portugal's national statistical institute; publishes CAE.

Official source: <https://www.ine.pt/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/ine>



INE-ES - Instituto Nacional de Estadística (Spain) (ES)  
Instituto Nacional de Estadística - Spain's national statistical institute; publishes CNAE.  
Official source: <https://www.ine.es/>  
On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/ine-es>

INS - Institutul National de Statistica (Romania) (RO)  
Institutul National de Statistica - Romania's national institute of statistics; publishes CAEN.  
Official source: <https://insse.ro/>  
On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/ins>

INSEE - Institut national de la statistique et des études économiques (FR)  
Institut national de la statistique et des études économiques - France's national statistical institute; publishes NAF.  
Official source: <https://www.insee.fr/>  
On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/insee>

ISTAT - Istituto Nazionale di Statistica (IT)  
Istituto Nazionale di Statistica - Italy's national statistical institute; publishes ATECO.  
Official source: <https://www.istat.it/>  
On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/istat>

KSH - Központi Statisztikai Hivatal (HU)  
Központi Statisztikai Hivatal - Hungary's central statistical office; publishes TEAOR.  
Official source: <https://www.ksh.hu/>  
On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/ksh>

LSD - Lietuvos statistikos departamentas (LT)  
Lietuvos statistikos departamentas - Lithuania's statistics office; publishes EVRK.  
Official source: <https://www.stat.gov.lt/>  
On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/lsd>

NSI - (Bulgaria) (BG)  
- Bulgaria's national statistical institute;  
publishes KID.  
Official source: <https://www.nsi.bg/>  
On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/nsi>



**NSO - National Statistics Office (Malta) (MT)**

National Statistics Office - Malta's national statistical office.

Official source: <https://nso.gov.mt/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/nso>

**SCB - Statistiska centralbyran (SE)**

Statistiska centralbyran - Sweden's national statistical institute; publishes SNI.

Official source: <https://www.scb.se/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/scb>

**SSB - Statistisk sentralbyra (NO)**

Statistisk sentralbyra - Norway's national statistical institute (EEA); publishes SN2007.

Official source: <https://www.ssb.no/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/ssb>

**STAT - Statistik Austria (AT)**

Statistik Austria - Austria's national statistical institute; publishes ONACE.

Official source: <https://www.statistik.at/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/stat>

**STAT.FI - Tilastokeskus (Statistics Finland) (FI)**

Tilastokeskus - Finland's national statistical institute; publishes TOL.

Official source: <https://www.stat.fi/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/stat-fi>

**STATBEL - Statbel (BE)**

Statbel - Belgium's national statistical office; publishes NACE-BEL.

Official source: <https://statbel.fgov.be/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/statbel>

**STATEC - Institut national de la statistique et des etudes economiques du Luxembourg (LU)**

Institut national de la statistique et des etudes economiques du Luxembourg - publishes NACE-LUX.

Official source: <https://statistiques.public.lu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/statec>

**Statistikaamet - Statistics Estonia (EE)**

Statistics Estonia - Estonia's national statistical office; publishes EMTAK.



Official source: <https://www.stat.ee/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/statistikaamet>

SURS - Statisticni urad Republike Slovenije (SI)

Statisticni urad Republike Slovenije - Slovenia's statistical office; publishes SKD.

Official source: <https://www.stat.si/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/surs>

SUSR - Statistický úrad Slovenskej republiky (SK)

Statistický úrad Slovenskej republiky - Slovakia's statistical office; publishes SK NACE.

Official source: <https://slovak.statistics.sk/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/susr>

Tilastokeskus - Tilastokeskus (Statistics Finland) (FI)

Statistics Finland - Finland's national statistical institute; publishes TOL.

Official source: <https://www.stat.fi/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions/tilastokeskus>

Live index: <https://nacebridge.eu/institutions>



## APPENDIX C

## NATIONAL &amp; EU CLASSIFICATIONS

Activity classifications aligned with NACE Rev. 2.1 at the 4-digit class level.

## C.1 European reference

CPA - Statistical Classification of Products by Activity

Statistical Classification of Products by Activity - the EU classification of goods and services, derived from and aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/cpa>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/cpa>

ISIC - International Standard Industrial Classification of All Economic Activities

International Standard Industrial Classification - the United Nations global backbone that NACE aligns to at the first two digits.

Official source: <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/classifications/Econ/isic>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/isic>

NACE - Statistical Classification of Economic Activities in the European Community

The EU's official classification of economic activities. NACE is the backbone every national system in the Union anchors to at the 4-digit class.

Official source: <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/nace>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/nace>

NACEBridge - NACEBridge

Open bridge between NACE and national activity classifications, maintained by TEKSOMA.

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/nacebridge>

NAICS - North American Industry Classification System

North American Industry Classification System - used by the US, Canada and Mexico; a common counterpart when comparing EU and North American data.

Official source: <https://www.census.gov/naics/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/naics>

PRODCOM - Community Production statistics

EU industrial production statistics - a detailed product list linked to NACE manufacturing classes.

Official source: <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/prodcom>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/prodcom>

SIC - Standard Industrial Classification (UK)



Standard Industrial Classification - the UK activity classification, historically aligned with NACE Rev. 2.

Official source: <https://resources.companieshouse.gov.uk/sic/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/sic>

## C.2 National classifications

ATECO - Classificazione delle attività economiche (IT)

Classificazione delle attività economiche - the Italian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.istat.it/it/archivio/17888>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/ateco>

CAE - Classificacao Portuguesa das Actividades Economicas (PT)

Portugal's national activity classification, published by INE. Aligned with NACE at the 4-digit level.

Official source: [https://www.ine.pt/xportal/xmain?xpid=INE&xpgid=ine\\_cnactividades](https://www.ine.pt/xportal/xmain?xpid=INE&xpgid=ine_cnactividades)

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/cae>

CAEN - Clasificarea Activitatilor din Economia Nationala (RO)

Clasificarea Activitatilor din Economia Nationala - the Romanian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://insse.ro/cms/en/content/caen-classification>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/caen>

CNAE - Clasificacion Nacional de Actividades Economicas (ES)

Clasificacion Nacional de Actividades Economicas - the Spanish national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source:

[https://www.ine.es/dyngs/INEbase/es/operacion.htm?c=Estadistica\\_C&cid=1254736177032](https://www.ine.es/dyngs/INEbase/es/operacion.htm?c=Estadistica_C&cid=1254736177032)

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/cnae>

CZ-NACE - CZ-NACE (CZ)

CZ-NACE - the Czech implementation of NACE.

Official source:

[https://www.czso.cz/csu/czso/klasifikace\\_ekonomickyh\\_cinnosti\\_cz\\_nace](https://www.czso.cz/csu/czso/klasifikace_ekonomickyh_cinnosti_cz_nace)

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/cz-nace>

DB07 - Dansk Branchekode 2007 (DK)

Dansk Branchekode 2007 - the Danish national activity classification, aligned with NACE.



Official source:

<https://www.dst.dk/da/Statistik/dokumentation/nomenklaturer/dansk-branchekode-2007>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/db07>

EMTAK - Eesti majanduse tegevusalade klassifikaator (EE)

Eesti majanduse tegevusalade klassifikaator - the Estonian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://emtak.rik.ee/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/emtak>

EVRK - Ekonomines veiklos rusiu klasifikatorius (LT)

Ekonomines veiklos rusiu klasifikatorius - the Lithuanian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://osp.stat.gov.lt/klasifikatoriu-katalogas>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/evrk>

KID - -2008 (BG)

-2008 - the Bulgarian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.nsi.bg/en/content/2660/kid-2008>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/kid>

NACE-BEL - NACE-BEL (BE)

NACE-BEL - the Belgian implementation of NACE with additional national detail.

Official source:

<https://statbel.fgov.be/nl/over-statbel/methodologie/classificaties/nace-bel-2008>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/nace-bel>

NAF - Nomenclature d'activites francaise (FR)

France's national activity classification, published by INSEE. Aligned with NACE at the 4-digit level with a 5-character format.

Official source: <https://www.insee.fr/fr/information/2406147>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/naf>

NKD - Nacionalna klasifikacija djelatnosti (HR)

Nacionalna klasifikacija djelatnosti - the Croatian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://dzs.gov.hr/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/nkd>

ONACE - Osterreichische NACE (AT)



Osterreichische NACE - the Austrian implementation of NACE.

Official source: <https://www.statistik.at/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/onace>

PKD - Polska Klasyfikacja Dzia alnosci (PL)

Polska Klasyfikacja Dzia alnosci - the Polish national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://stat.gov.pl/Klasyfikacje/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/pkd>

SBI - Standaard Bedrijfsindeling (NL)

Standaard Bedrijfsindeling - the Dutch national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source:

<https://www.cbs.nl/nl-nl/onze-diensten/methoden/classificaties/activiteiten/sbi-2008-standaard-bedrijfsindeling-20>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/sbi>

SK NACE - SK NACE (SK)

SK NACE - the Slovak implementation of NACE.

Official source: <https://slovak.statistics.sk/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/sk-nace>

SKD - Standardna klasifikacija dejavnosti (SI)

Standardna klasifikacija dejavnosti - the Slovenian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.stat.si/StatWeb/en/Methods/Classifications>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/skd>

SN2007 - Standard for n ringsgruppering 2007 (NO)

Standard for n ringsgruppering - the Norwegian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.ssb.no/klass/klassifikasjoner/6>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/sn2007>

SNI - Svensk naringsgrensindelning (SE)

Svensk naringsgrensindelning - the Swedish national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source:

<https://www.scb.se/dokumentation/klassifikationer-och-standarder/standard-for-svensk-naringsgrensindelning-sni>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/sni>



**STAKOD - STAKOD (GR)**

STAKOD - the Greek national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.statistics.gr/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/stakod>

**TEAOR - TEAOR (HU)**

TEAOR - the Hungarian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.ksh.hu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/teor>

**TOL - Toimialaluokitus (FI)**

Toimialaluokitus - the Finnish national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.stat.fi/fi/luokitukset/toimiala/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/tol>

**WZ - Klassifikation der Wirtschaftszweige (DE)**

Klassifikation der Wirtschaftszweige - the German national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source:

<https://www.destatis.de/DE/Methoden/Klassifikationen/Gueter-Wirtschaftsklassifikationen/klassifikation-wz-2008>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies/wz>

Live index: <https://nacebridge.eu/taxonomies>



## APPENDIX D

## GLOSSARY

Classifications, EU bodies and national statistical institutes referenced across the handbook.

## D.1 NACEBridge steward

TEKSOMA | MARKET INTELLIGENCE - Market-intelligence practice of the TEKSOMA group; curates the European classification datasets that feed NACEBridge.

Official source: <https://mi.teksoma.com>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-t-ksom-m-rket-int-lligence>

TEKSOMA Holding - Short name for TEKSOMA Holding, Lda. - the Portuguese group that stewards NACEBridge.

Official source: <https://teksoma.com>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-t-ksom-holding>

TEKSOMA Holding, Lda. - Portuguese parent company (Lisbon) that owns and stewards the NACEBridge open-data project.

Official source: <https://teksoma.com>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-t-ksom-holding-lda>

TEKSOMA Technologies - Technology arm of TEKSOMA Holding; builds, hosts and maintains the NACEBridge platform and its public APIs.

Official source: <https://tech.teksoma.com>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-t-ksom-technologies>

## D.2 Classifications

CPA - Statistical Classification of Products by Activity - the EU classification of goods and services, derived from and aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/cpa>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-cpa>

ISIC - International Standard Industrial Classification - the United Nations global backbone that NACE aligns to at the first two digits.

Official source: <https://unstats.un.org/unsd/classifications/Econ/isic>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-isic>

NACE - Statistical Classification of Economic Activities in the European Community - the EU standard for describing what a business does.

Official source: <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/nace>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-nace>



NACEBridge - Open bridge between NACE and national activity classifications, maintained by TEKSOMA.

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-nacebridge>

NAICS - North American Industry Classification System - used by the US, Canada and Mexico; a common counterpart when comparing EU and North American data.

Official source: <https://www.census.gov/naics/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-naics>

PRODCOM - EU industrial production statistics - a detailed product list linked to NACE manufacturing classes.

Official source: <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/web/prodcom>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-prodcom>

SIC - Standard Industrial Classification - the UK activity classification, historically aligned with NACE Rev. 2.

Official source: <https://resources.companieshouse.gov.uk/sic/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-sic>

### D.3 EU institutions

Commission - European Commission - proposes EU legislation and, together with Eurostat, adopts the implementing acts that update NACE.

Official source: <https://commission.europa.eu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-commission>

Council - Council of the European Union - represents member state governments and co-legislates EU statistical regulations.

Official source: <https://www.consilium.europa.eu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-council>

EEA - European Economic Area - extends the EU single market to Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway, which also apply NACE.

Official source: <https://www.efta.int/eea>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-eea>

EFTA - European Free Trade Association - Iceland, Liechtenstein, Norway and Switzerland; EFTA statistical offices align with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.efta.int/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-efta>



EU - European Union - the political and economic union whose member states use NACE as a shared statistical language.

Official source: <https://european-union.europa.eu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-eu>

European Parliament - The EU's directly elected legislative body; co-legislates the regulations that make NACE binding.

Official source: <https://www.europarl.europa.eu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-european-parliament>

Eurostat - The statistical office of the European Union - publishes and maintains NACE.

Official source: <https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-eurostat>

OECD - Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development - uses ISIC-aligned classifications for cross-country economic statistics.

Official source: <https://www.oecd.org/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-oecd>

UN - United Nations Statistics Division - custodian of ISIC, the global reference classification NACE is derived from.

Official source: <https://unstats.un.org/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-un>

#### D.4 National statistical institutes

CBS - Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek - the Netherlands' national statistical institute; publishes SBI.

Official source: <https://www.cbs.nl/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-cbs>

CSB - Centrala statistikas parvalde - Latvia's Central Statistical Bureau; publishes NACE 2.

Official source: <https://stat.gov.lv/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-csb>

CSO - Central Statistics Office - Ireland's national statistical office.

Official source: <https://www.cso.ie/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-cso>



CyStat - Cyprus Statistical Service - Cyprus' national statistical office.

Official source: <https://www.cystat.gov.cy/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-cystat>

CZSO - Cesky statisticky urad - Czechia's national statistical office; publishes

CZ-NACE.

Official source: <https://www.czso.cz/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-czso>

Destatis - Statistisches Bundesamt - Germany's federal statistical office; publishes

WZ.

Official source: <https://www.destatis.de/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-destatis>

DESTATIS - Statistisches Bundesamt - Germany's federal statistical office; publishes

WZ.

Official source: <https://www.destatis.de/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-destatis>

DST - Danmarks Statistik - Denmark's national statistical institute; publishes DB

(Dansk Branchekode).

Official source: <https://www.dst.dk/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-dst>

DZS - Drzavni zavod za statistiku - Croatia's national statistical bureau; publishes

NKD.

Official source: <https://dzs.gov.hr/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-dzs>

ELSTAT - Hellenic Statistical Authority - Greece's national statistical institute;

publishes STAKOD.

Official source: <https://www.statistics.gr/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-elstat>

GUS - G owny Urzad Statystyczny - Poland's central statistical office; publishes PKD.

Official source: <https://stat.gov.pl/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-gus>

INE - Instituto Nacional de Estatistica - Portugal's national statistical institute;



publishes CAE.

Official source: <https://www.ine.pt/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-ine>

INE-ES - Instituto Nacional de Estadística - Spain's national statistical institute; publishes CNAE.

Official source: <https://www.ine.es/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-ine-es>

INS - Institutul National de Statistica - Romania's national institute of statistics; publishes CAEN.

Official source: <https://insse.ro/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-ins>

INSEE - Institut national de la statistique et des études économiques - France's national statistical institute; publishes NAF.

Official source: <https://www.insee.fr/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-insee>

ISTAT - Istituto Nazionale di Statistica - Italy's national statistical institute; publishes ATECO.

Official source: <https://www.istat.it/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-istat>

KSH - Központi Statisztikai Hivatal - Hungary's central statistical office; publishes TEAOR.

Official source: <https://www.ksh.hu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-ksh>

LSD - Lietuvos statistikos departamentas - Lithuania's statistics office; publishes EVRK.

Official source: <https://www.stat.gov.lt/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-lsd>

NSI - - Bulgaria's national statistical institute; publishes KID.

Official source: <https://www.nsi.bg/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-nsi>

NSO - National Statistics Office - Malta's national statistical office.



Official source: <https://nso.gov.mt/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-nso>

SCB - Statistiska centralbyran - Sweden's national statistical institute; publishes SNI.

Official source: <https://www.scb.se/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-scb>

SSB - Statistisk sentralbyra - Norway's national statistical institute (EEA); publishes SN2007.

Official source: <https://www.ssb.no/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-ssb>

STAT - Statistik Austria - Austria's national statistical institute; publishes ONACE.

Official source: <https://www.statistik.at/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-stat>

STAT.FI - Tilastokeskus - Finland's national statistical institute; publishes TOL.

Official source: <https://www.stat.fi/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-stat-fi>

STATBEL - Statbel - Belgium's national statistical office; publishes NACE-BEL.

Official source: <https://statbel.fgov.be/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-statbel>

STATEC - Institut national de la statistique et des etudes economiques du Luxembourg - publishes NACE-LUX.

Official source: <https://statistiques.public.lu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-statec>

Statistikaamet - Statistics Estonia - Estonia's national statistical office; publishes EMTAK.

Official source: <https://www.stat.ee/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-statistikaamet>

SURS - Statisticni urad Republike Slovenije - Slovenia's statistical office; publishes SKD.

Official source: <https://www.stat.si/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-surs>



SUSR - Statistický úrad Slovenskej republiky - Slovakia's statistical office; publishes SK NACE.

Official source: <https://slovak.statistics.sk/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-susr>

Tilastokeskus - Statistics Finland - Finland's national statistical institute; publishes TOL.

Official source: <https://www.stat.fi/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-tilastokeskus>

#### D.5 National classifications

ATECO - Classificazione delle attività economiche - the Italian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.istat.it/it/archivio/17888>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-ateco>

CAE - Classificacao Portuguesa das Actividades Economicas - the Portuguese national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: [https://www.ine.pt/xportal/xmain?xpid=INE&xpgid=ine\\_cnactividades](https://www.ine.pt/xportal/xmain?xpid=INE&xpgid=ine_cnactividades)

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-cae>

CAEN - Clasificarea Activitatilor din Economia Nationala - the Romanian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://insse.ro/cms/en/content/caen-classification>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-caen>

CNAE - Clasificacion Nacional de Actividades Economicas - the Spanish national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source:

[https://www.ine.es/dyngs/INEbase/es/operacion.htm?c=Estadistica\\_C&cid=1254736177032](https://www.ine.es/dyngs/INEbase/es/operacion.htm?c=Estadistica_C&cid=1254736177032)

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-cnae>

CZ-NACE - CZ-NACE - the Czech implementation of NACE.

Official source:

[https://www.czso.cz/csu/czso/klasifikace\\_ekonomickyh\\_cinnosti\\_cz\\_nace](https://www.czso.cz/csu/czso/klasifikace_ekonomickyh_cinnosti_cz_nace)

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-cz-nace>

DB07 - Dansk Branchekode 2007 - the Danish national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source:



<https://www.dst.dk/da/Statistik/dokumentation/nomenklaturer/dansk-branchekode-2007>  
On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-db07>

EMTAK - Eesti majanduse tegevusalade klassifikaator - the Estonian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://emtak.rik.ee/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-emptak>

EVRK - Ekonomines veiklos rusiu klasifikatorius - the Lithuanian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://osp.stat.gov.lt/klasifikatoriu-katalogas>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-evrk>

KID - -2008 - the Bulgarian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.nsi.bg/en/content/2660/kid-2008>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-kid>

NACE-BEL - NACE-BEL - the Belgian implementation of NACE with additional national detail.

Official source:

<https://statbel.fgov.be/nl/over-statbel/methodologie/classificaties/nace-bel-2008>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-nace-bel>

NAF - Nomenclature d'activites francaise - the French national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.insee.fr/fr/information/2406147>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-naf>

NKD - Nacionalna klasifikacija djelatnosti - the Croatian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://dzs.gov.hr/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-nkd>

ONACE - Osterreichische NACE - the Austrian implementation of NACE.

Official source: <https://www.statistik.at/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-onace>

PKD - Polska Klasyfikacja Dzia alnosci - the Polish national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://stat.gov.pl/Klasyfikacje/>



On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-pkd>

SBI - Standaard Bedrijfsindeling - the Dutch national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source:

<https://www.cbs.nl/nl-nl/onze-diensten/methoden/classificaties/activiteiten/sbi-2008-standaard-bedrijfsindeling-2008>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-sbi>

SK NACE - SK NACE - the Slovak implementation of NACE.

Official source: <https://slovak.statistics.sk/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-sk-nace>

SKD - Standardna klasifikacija dejavnosti - the Slovenian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.stat.si/StatWeb/en/Methods/Classifications>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-skd>

SN2007 - Standard for n ringsgruppering - the Norwegian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.ssb.no/klass/klassifikasjoner/6>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-sn2007>

SNI - Svensk naringsgrensindelning - the Swedish national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source:

<https://www.scb.se/dokumentation/klassifikationer-och-standarder/standard-for-svensk-naringsgrensindelning-sni>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-sni>

STAKOD - STAKOD - the Greek national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.statistics.gr/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-stakod>

TEAOR - TEAOR - the Hungarian national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.ksh.hu/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-teaor>

TOL - Toimialaluokitus - the Finnish national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source: <https://www.stat.fi/fi/luokitukset/toimiala/>

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-tol>



WZ - Klassifikation der Wirtschaftszweige - the German national activity classification, aligned with NACE.

Official source:

<https://www.destatis.de/DE/Methoden/Klassifikationen/Gueter-Wirtschaftsklassifikationen/klassifikation-wz-2008>.

On NACEBridge: <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary#term-wz>

Live glossary (search + jump anchors): <https://nacebridge.eu/handbook/glossary>



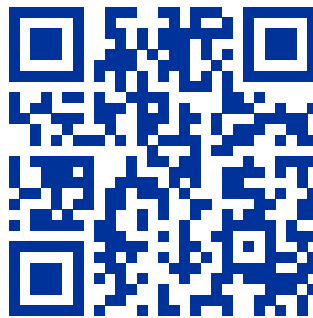


# Keep exploring

*on NACEBridge*



Home



Live glossary



Contact & API

Every chapter, glossary entry and institution page in this book has a live counterpart online. Scan any QR code to jump straight to it - with search, translations and updates.